1930.

File No. 78-28

(Prisons)

Serial Nos. 1-8

revious References
Pris. 18-28 (1-4) Pris. 65-28 (1-3)
" 71-28 (1-2)
" 70-28 (1-4)
17-27 (1-8)
ater References
Pris. 16-30 (1, 2, 4-6)
16-30 (7-12)
61-31 SS 1-3.

General and Revenue Secretariat.

rial Nos. 8

Part B for June 1930.

SUBJECT

Entrusting the sales of Jail Products to Agencies both in the City & C & M. Stations on a Commission of 7½ per cent on the Cash Sales effected for the 1st Thousand & 5 per cent for over one thousand etc:—

·8· No. 9 (C. 19-23) Dt. 9.6.30.

To The I. G. of Prisons in Mysore.
" Comptroller to Govt. Fin. Secy.
" Secretary. S. P. C.
" Secretary, Mysore Economic Conference
Mr. K. Gopalaswami Iyer.

Reviewing the proposals of the Inspector General of Prisons in Mysore.

Routine Notes.

To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

Secy to C.
Some of the
Representations made by
Mr. Gokhale to me
in connection with
the question of
the release of the
prisoners after discharge.

15-3-29

A/S

Please put me
Sir. G. Lees

3) Send a report of
Gokhale's speech as published
4) A draft to the D.G. of
Prisons as desired for approval
or other orders.

B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Pris

C. File No. 98 of 1928.

Serial No.

From

The Inspector General of Prisons
Letter No C-516-4 dated 22nd May 1928
Forwards a memo containing the opinion and suggestions of the Superintendent, Central Jail on the suggestions made by Mr L. Gopalaswamy Iyer

6) Submitted for perusal with reference to para 1 supra -

There are 3 points in the suggestions of the I.G. of Prisons on which action has to be taken

(1) Modification of the ... rules so as to provide for money being credited for extra work done by the prisoners instead of there being an option to earn remission of the sentence

(2) That jail depts should be made to utilize fully the jail made articles.

(3) Introduction of necessary machinery for the manufacture of khaki & the designation of the officers of the jail depts - the Ind Can depts,

J. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

144) 3)

pari Rw 9158 1116-14

E.C File No. 98 of 1928

Serial No.

1) to combat ~~evil~~ ~~of~~ ~~Jute~~ ~~Mill~~ ~~Assn~~ the industry.

2) This will, if approved, be transferred to ~~pol~~ Cons Section for further action after perusal -

DM 30/5/29

38/5

Yes

RM 23/6/29

G. M. Branch with compliments

DM 24.6.29

3) Case for perusal. Perhaps the D-G P. may be asked to submit separate proposals in respect of the 3 Baggeahs referred to in the previous page.

DM 24/6

4) Yes. Put up draft.

DM 24/6

5) Draft case for favr of perusal before issue.

DM 26/6

26/6

Chief Secy) RM 27/6/29

6) Issue DM 11

G. R. S. 12J

General and Revenue Secretariat. | Pris File No. 98 of 1928.

Serial No.

No 98 dt 1.7.29

Calls for detailed proposals.

in the matter.

3 From the Secretary

Govt C 576-13 d 30th May 1929

Stating that he has already submitted the necessary detailed proposals and that as regards the question of starting khaki weaving industry in the Borstal he has addressed the Director of Industries and Commerce to depute an expert to give a detailed and practicable scheme for starting the industry which will be submitted to Govt immediately.

Submd. of the three suggestions proposed to be taken up

A portion of the money earned by prisoners may be made over to them whilst work on Release.

under the Rules issued with Govt Memo 8268-9/Pris dated 8th Apr 1926 prisoners are given one anna for half a day's hard labour task extra in a week and two annas for one day's hard labour task extra in a week

If the prisoners wish to have Remission

12

The Scheme has been extended for two yrs from 1st June 1929 vide G.O. No. 7962 S-6 dated 6.2.29

Pris. 57-22-2

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No.

Serial No.

L.

of their Sentences in lieu of money he may
convert the gratuity to remission at the
rate of 4 days per day Subject to the
condition that not more than 60 days
Special Remission shall be granted to any
Convict in one year. The Superintendent
now proposes that the prisoners should
not be given the option of exchanging
their earnings for Remission of a portion of
their Sentences. The above Rules are framed
on the analogy of the Rule of the Madras
Code. Before Condemning the above
Rules it would perhaps be necessary
to know in the first Stance the formal
orders passed by the Madras Govt as the
Scheme has ordered to be tried for
one year tentatively. The Superintendent
that all work over and above what
is prescribed in the Jail manual Should
be assessed in money at 4 as for each
days extra work and that only 1/4th out
of this Sum be permitted to be Spent by
the prisoner while in Jail for purchase
of small comforts such as Sweets, Betel
Bidis, Tobacco and food & the balance
been credited to their account. As Regards the

General and Revenue Secretariat

Prisons File No. 98 of 1928

erial No.

latest orders on the subject (Govt G. 8209 8919 Prisons 27.28 & 25.1.29. The Provinces are permitted to utilise half of amount of monthly grants for purchase of tobacco and snuff &c. Before Comds can use present rule it would be necessary to await the final orders of Madras Govt on the matter. Further of the present rules requires to be modified all D.G.P. has to explain as to why he recommended the continuance of these rule for another 2 yrs. from January 1929.

2 Govt

2nd Govt: That Govt departments should be made to utilise fully the jail made articles.

Prisons file 18.28 & 154 on the subject is put up. It is a confidential file. The D.G.P. suggested that circulars should be issued to all the Controlling Govt Depts of the State to purchase jail made articles in preference to the Bazaar articles. The D.G.P. was informed that the Secy S.P.C. is calling for quotations for all supply of articles manufactured in Central Jail and that he will be informed orders after the receipt of the Rate quoted are formed favourable. So no further action is necessary on the Govt resolution.

Serial No.

3rd Suggestion. Introduction of the necessary machinery for the manufacture of Khaki and a deputation of officers of the Jail and Indoor and Canvas staff to Coimbatore Jail for Studying the methods.
The further report promised by D.G.P. may be awaited.

10 & 11) Please put up the proge: of the Conf: at which Hr: Gopalaswami's suggestions are recorded.

12) To the offrs of the Economic Conference for favour of kind Compliance.

13) The proceedings referred to have not yet been printed. Only a proof has been received which is being corrected. The manuscript extract from the proceedings is put up already. (Page Subd.

G. M. Branch
with Compliments

14) Subd with ref to para 11 above

Seria
No.

15) The Superintendent of the Central Jail has furnished his opinion in detail on all the suggestions made by Mr. Gopalaswami Iyer.

(1) Establishment of cottage Industries.

The Superintendent says that at present some small cottage industries are being carried on, and that some more will be started as soon as electric lights are installed early next year.

The D. G. of Prisons may be asked to pay early attention to this matter.

(2) Furnishing some capital to the prisoners after release to enable them to earn an honest living.

Under the existing rules, there is provision for remunerating the prisoners for extra work over the prescribed task work. But the scale of payment is very low, viz., one anna for ½ day's extra work and two annas for a full day's extra work. The prisoners are also allowed the option of exchanging their earnings for remissions. As a rule, it is found that the prisoners always prefer to have remissions with the result that very little will be left of their earnings

Serial No.

for payment to them after release.

(a) The Supdt: suggests that the extra work done by the prisoners should be assessed only in money, and that ~~the~~ each days extra work she entitle them to 4 annas instead of 2 annas at present. One advantage of this arrangement is that both the jail output and the earnings of the prisoners will increase... The previous Superintendent also was of the same opinion.

~~(b)~~ (b) But seeing that Govt ordered in Jan. last that the working of the existing rules should be continued for a period of another 2 years and the result watched, it is a point for consideration whether the question may not be taken up after the expiry of this extended period. In the meantime, the rules in ~~the~~ Bombay, Madras and the British Provinces may be examined with a view to see whether a change in our rules is called for.

~~Also as to the order about the good remissions not being allowed to convicts undergoing~~

Serial No.

2(c) The point is not also free from difficulty. It has to be considered whether all extra labor should be uniformly charged at 4 annas as proposed or only skilled labor

(3) Abrogation of the rule that jail industries should not compete with other private concerns.

(a) The existing rule in Mysore follows the one in force in the jails in the British Provinces. But the question of competition need not come in at all, if the Govt. Departments absorb all the jail articles. The Supdt suggests that the recent rules passed by the Bombay Govt. in this respect may be introduced in Mysore. Side by side with it, he wants the introduction in the jail of power driven machines not only to increase the output of articles required by Depts but also to give the necessary training to the prisoners in industries worked by machinery.

(b) This aspect may be further considered and the I. G. of Prisons requested to submit definite proposals.

(c) In the meantime, the Secy. S.P.C. has been asked to place orders with the jail for the articles required

Serial No.

by the Depts: if the rates are favourable.

(4) Opening of a show room in the market.

The Supdt: says that a show cum Sales Room has been opened outside the jail to meet the desire of the public. This does not appear to be enough. Unless the jail product are exhibited in a place much frequented by the people, they can neither be sufficiently known nor readily sold. In this view the suggestion of Mr. Gopalaswami Iyer deserves to be considered.

(5) Khaki Weaving industry in the Jail. The report promised by the I. G. of Prisons may be awaited

16) With ref: to the Dewan's note dated the 15th March 1929.

Chief Secy) 16/8

17) Please submit the file to the Dev. Secy for perusal & then consult the Dir. of Ind. & Com.

Dev. Secy) Seen, thanks 12/9/1928

Serial No.

H.D.41/Vol 1 19-9-29

18) Forwarded with compliments
H.O. to the Director of Industries
& Commerce for favour of opinio
By order
19. 9. 1929.
Rateva Da

D2
H.D.No-26/29-30
1.8.10.1929.

19) Forwarded with compliments -

20) In this note, I shall restrict myself to the recommendations of Mr. Gopalaswamy Iyer for the development of industries in Jails so that the - training which the prisoners receive when in jails may help them to seek industrial employment after their release. Mr. Gopalaswamy Iyer suggests that the rule directing that Jail industries should not compete with private industries should be abrogated. I do not think it is desirable to accept this recommendation in full. The Bombay Government - have recently passed, what I conceive is a careful -ly thought out order on thissubject (Government order dated 4th April 1929) and I would recommend that action on similar lines may be taken here also The order was passed on the recommendations of an influential Committee and has been referred to by the Superintendent of the Central Jail. The Committee recommended among other things that a power loom and a dyeing plant should be erected at the Nasik Jail and Government have accepted the -- recommendation and directed that all Government Departments who require for official purposes the goods mentioned in a schedule containing a list of

Serial No.

of jail products must purchase them from the Jail Department. The prices are fixed with the approval of Government at a rate so as not to compete with th ordinary market. The Government Departments have no option and the private producer has no grievance. Th Bombay Committee recommended an elaborate procedure for determining the prices of jail goods. They suggested the appointment of a Committee consisting of the Inspector-General of Prisons, the Chief Repre -sentatives of the consuming Departments and the - Director of Industries. I am of opinion that the scheme outlined above may be tried in our State for a period of one year.

21) In the office notes in the file, it is stated that as the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee wil obtain the quotations of the jails for the goods mad in them along with that obtained from private manu- facturers, No further action is necessary. In my humble opinion something further is called for. The substance of Mr. Gopalaswamy Iyer's recommendation i Jail labour should be trained in Modern methods so - that it may become employable by private employees after it becomes free. This training costs money and the products cannot be manufactured at market - rates. It seems to me that Government Departments should not be given the option of purchasing goods of the kind made in jails from private sources and the prices of the goods should be fixed by Government - once each year on the recommendation of a Committee which the Inspector-General of Prisons, the chief consuming Departments, the Director of Industries

Case No.....

Notes. 804 /47

Subject :—.....

and the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee should be represented. The prices should be fixed so as not to compete with the ordinary market.

(2) I fully support the view that a power loom and Khaki Dyeing plant should be erected at the Jail. I would also recommend that a Domestic basin may be put up there for reeling silk. I may also state that I had made sometime ago certain recommendations on the manufacture of superior carpets in the jails. I would suggest that action should be taken on them also. In regard to the Dyeing Plant I am in communication with the expert of the Havero Trading Co., one of the -- largest dealers in dyes in regard to the most suitable khaki dyeing plant and shall forward my recommendations to the Senior Surgeon at an early date. If the proposals made in the note commend themselves to Government, the details may be worked out without difficulty.

C Rangamanna Rao Sahib
Director of Industries
and Commerce in Mysore.

15th Octr.1929

RM 16.10.29

(3) Subd. Perhaps the Inspector General of Prisons may be unofficially consulted on the above suggestions of the D.I.C. Director & Secy.

D 01711—GPB—4,000—27-4-29

Notes. 804

. Subject :— .....

CHIEF SECRETARY.
23 OCT. 1929

U.O. 66/Pris-9-16-10-29

24) The D.G. of Prisons may perhaps be consulted U.O./
Chief Secy) 21/10

YES
RG
25/10/29.

25) Forwarded with Compliments to the D.G. of Prisons for favor of opinion.

25/10/29

By order
A. Devadason
for Ch: Secy.

U.O.C 516-16 dated 19/11/29.

26) The question bristles with difficulties. It is neither possible nor desirable to regulate the manufactures and the prices, in a manner that all the Jail products may be absorbed by the Government Departments. In the first place, the several Departments have definite allotments which they are expected to utilise to the best advantage and they cannot be expected to pay higher prices for articles which they could obtain at cheaper rates elsewhere. Then there is the question of quality. Practical experience proves that the requirements of hospitals in respect of sadies, Panches and

and the like could be best made by direct purchases from the Mills instead of from the Jail. We get articles at cheaper rates which last longer and give better satisfaction. I may be pardoned if I do not take up an attitude of defence in support of Jail-made aricles, as perhaps I am expected to do in my capacity as Head of the Department. The existing conditions must be reckoned and cannot be ignored.

27) Further, it would be very undesirable to stop private sales altogether. If this is conceded, the question of competition of the Jail prices with the current market rates, arises as a natural consequence.

28) 2. There is still another important point to consider. The object of Jail Industries is admittedly to provide suitable training in some industry to - prisoners, so that on release they might be in a position to pursue the vocation they have learnt in th Jail and live as honest citizens. This naturally implies that they cannot be put upon circumscribed industries such as would meet only the requirements of the several Government Departments. Cottage industrie and the production of goods which are largely in deman by the general public will claim prior attention.

) The plan of improvement appears to me therefore to in three important directions. Firstly, endeavours should be made to reduce the Jail prices so as to equalise them, as far as possible, with the current market rates.

30) Secondly, the scope of the industries must be enlarged so as to include the several cottage industri which prisoners could, on release, pursue with the expectation of earning enough to maintain themselves However, I should very much like to see a power loom and a dyeing plant started in the Jail to manufactur all the Khaki needed by the various Departments of

Government. I am awaiting the recommendations of the Director of Industries and Commerce in this matter.

31) Thirdly, it would be desirable to popularise sales of Jail products instead of restricting them to Government Departments.

32) 3. I note that it is proposed to appoint a Committee to regulate the prices year after year in respect of the products required by the Government Departments. But I am doubtful if even a Committee can effectively act, unless there is the possibility of fixing the prices at rates which are not much higher than those ruling in the market.

33) 4. The other two proposals viz., that the extra work done by the prisoners should be assessed only by money and about the opening of a show room in the market, have my support.

S. Subba Rao.

Inspector-General of Prisons.

General and Revenue Secretariat. Prisons File No. 98 of 192 8.

Serial No.

34) Subd. The D.G.P. Prisons agrees with the Director I and C. that a power loom and a dyeing plant should be started in the jail to manufacture all the Khaki needed by the various Depts. of Govt. The Recommendation of the Director of Industries and Commerce in the matter will be awaited.

35) As regards the proposal for the assessment of the extra work done by the prisoners the D.G.P. states that it should be assessed as now under the existing Rule which has been sanctioned for a period of two years from January last. The prisoners are giving the option of exercising their money to be remitted at the rate of 4 as a day subject to the condition that not more than 60 days special remission should be granted to a prisoner in one year. The present proposal of the D.G.P. may perhaps be taken after the expiry of the extended period as proposed in para 18-(2) below by the Post Secy.

(A)

36) As regards the opening of a show room for the market for the sale of jail made articles the D.G.P may be asked to work out the financial effect of the proposal and the Govt. for meeting the expenditure.

Orders

Pol W 3 (A) Please note how it is done in Madras and Bombay. Has the Jail Commission made any recommendations in reg

21/11

Serial No.

18) Even for Govt orders on this subject is on the lines of the Madras Govt orders which has been copied here (Please See Flag A in Pers file 45-25 Vol 1 & 3 put up herewith). ~~xxxxxxxxxx~~ As already stated at para (a) page 5 of this note the orders of the Madras Govt was only tentative for a period of one year and the final orders passed by the Madras Govt as we know. As regards the orders of the Bombay Govt no information is available.

As regards the recommendations of the DR in Jail Committee Report law at para 262 of their report they have recommended the grant of ~~xxx~~ to the prisoner of exchange ~~xxx~~ whole or any part of the gratuity for remission at the rate of one days remission for every half Rupee of gratuity earned. Whereas Govt and Madras Govt are somewhat liberal by granting exchange at the rate of two days.

19) The orders of Govt

RO KA 39 25/11 The opinions of the Director of Industries & the Senior Surgeon are on record. Both the officers ag on the question of introducing power loo and dying plant in the Jail for the manufacture of Khaki required by Depts. They, however, differ on the question of

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No.

Serial No.

connecting the Heads of Depts to pur-
chase only jail made articles.
w/ quick ref: to order 9 25/10. 25/11

Chief Secy)

(1) Please see me
RS
30/11/29.

(2) I do not think there is any real diff-
of opinion between the D. of I. & the Supt
Plean put up - but generally approve of the
proposals of the D. of I. & calling for
details proposals.

RS
9/12/29

(3) Draft GO Read

(4) The draft should deal with all
17/12

(5) Revised:
3/1

26 NOV. 1929

... to wait till 4th

GE 13 JAN. 1930 PY
No. 1567

No.

46) Five points arise for consideration in this file. They are all underlined and marked in the draft put up. Orders will be required on each of them.

(Genl: Secy)

47) Please put up a fair copy of the draft as amended. Submit to Hon'ble Members of Council for signature.

15/1

48) Typed as per draft submitted.

21/1

(Hon'ble Members of Council)

Genl: Secy

21.1.30.

21/1

Has to be submitted to Dewan also.

To be submitted to the Dewan also.

R 9447
21.1.30

49) 23.1.30

1047
21/1

21 JAN.

50) Dewan. 23/1/30

DEWAN'S OFFICE
24 JAN. 1930
No. 1567

24-1-30

F 5386

App. F. III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat | P | File No. 98 of 1928

Serial No.		
4	To	Hon'ble S. S. & Prisons Hon'ble Director & I and C Hon'ble Secy S. P. C. Hon'ble Comptroller & Govt Hon'ble Secy, Economic Conference Hon'ble President & Mr Bds Hon'ble Dev. & Bds Hon'ble R. Gopalaswami Iyer No 98974-9C dt 30.1.28 Passes orders on the suggestions made by Hon'ble R. Gopalaswami Iyer for the encouragement & Jail Industries
5		From the D.G.P. & Prisons M C 516-22 dt 22.2.28 with reference to the opening of a Sabo Shop Room in the A.S. Market. Suggests that Sales may be entrusted to Agents on a Commission of 7½% on the Sales effected for the first thousand and 5 per cent on one thousand and Request Sanction of Govt for the
5½		Subject for orders. The Financial Secy may perhaps be consulted.
	5-3	Is there any information as to how it is done in the British Provinces?

5506

App. F. III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat. Prisons File No. 78 of 1928.

Serial No.

Please refer to the Jail Com^{n} Report. There may be some info^{n} there. DR 11/3.

Subd. A reference was also made to the Jail Committee's Report. Their Recommendation is not definite. It is inferred from their Statement in para 210 that they are not in favour of Jail issuing public advertisements that they do not approve the Sale of Jail foods by Agencies

DR 11/3

WHH 11/3

56) Subd. no information is available. Draft enquiry Subd.

DR 11/3

57) If appears the practice in the jails in British India will be ascertained from the P.W.D.

DR 11/3.

Genl: Secy)

YK RP 11/3/30

58) Draft. DR 11/3.

59) Draft already approved by the Secy. May issue

17/3

60) Issued 17/3

6 To The P.W.D. & Prisons

No. 9113-00 dt. 19.3.30

Requests to ascertain and report whether such a system obtains in any of the Jails of the British Indian Provinces

7 From The Deputy Secretary to Govt. in Regl. Dept.

No. C-576-24 dt. 6.5.30

States that such a System prevails in the Jails of the Madras and Bombay Presidencies

For 8/7/30

General and Revenue Secretariat. Prisons File No. 78 of 1929

Serial No.

Reference para 55 supra on the previous page submitted for perusal and orders

C
15/5

The proposals of the D. G. may perhaps be sanctioned, the contractors being required to give adequate security. Finl: Secy., has to be consulted.

Chief Secy)
12/5

I agree. Submit for orders

Chief Secretary
12 MAY 1930

Hon'ble Member
Thro' Fin Secy
14/5/30

29/5

31/5/30

Draft
31/5

Draft Go Subd - It is proposed if the period of arrangement should be fixed as also the period during which Sabeys above Rs 1000 has to be made for calculating the salary Commission.

Draft for consideration.

Chief Secy)
5/6

After issue, the papers have to be submitted to Board

This will be attended to after the issue of the Draft

Issue

Issued

Draft Govt Resolution

Issue

Issued

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

CHIEF SECRETARY
5 JUNE 1930

WD 066—GPB—30,000—26-7-29

C.97

App. F. III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat — Part — File No. 98 of 1928

Serial No. 8

DEWAN'S OFFICE
5306
16. JUN. 1930

To
The S. G. & Prisons
The Comptroller through the Financial Secretary
The Secretary S. P. C.
The Secretary Mysore Economic Conference
Mr. T. Gopalaswami Esqr

No 9 (C19-23) dt. 9. 6. 1930

Sanctions for proposals 2 of the S. G. & Prisons.

Re Rules for perusal by Dewan as ordered in the previous page

For favor of perusal.

14/6

(Dewan)

15/6

16-6-30

17/6

SUBJECT.....

.....

.....

Diary No. of letter replied to.....

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the *192*

Date of issue 28/3/29

Signed by Mr. V.L. Kantawa

List of enclosures.... 1

Copied by .....

Examined by .....

Section E

File No.

Serial No.

No. 3148

To The J. G. of Prisons, Hqtrs
Bangalore

Sir,

In forwarding herew
an extract of the proce
of the Meeting of the
Economic Conference held
on the 15th March 19
regarding some suggestio
made by Mr R. Sparkes
her for the encouragem
of cane industries w
a view to helping
persons after discharg
I am directed to requ

over

please get with your
opinion on the suggestions
ab an early date.

I have to

26/3/29

Secy: E.C.

MR.R.GOPALASWAMI IYER.- With reference to the report of the Agricultural Board, I wish to say one or two words in regard to the Jail Industries. A very big slice of land has been taken away from the Jail compound and people accustomed ~~for~~ to gardening have not enough work and their health has also suffered. Apart from that they cannot take physical exercises on a large scale.

The carpet industry carried on in the Jail is one that pays the Government magnificently. The difficulty is that the moment the prisoners engaged in that industry are discharged, there is nobody to engage them in the same industry.

Another point is that at 5 in the evening the prisoners are locked up, and they will be wasting their time till 10 p.m. because they have no electric light. If cottage industries are introduced in the Jail and if the prisoners engaged in them are ~~made to believe~~ assured that a portion of the earnings will be their own wage which will be set apart for their personal use later on, most of the Jail offences will be reduced.

Those who are in the Jail for more than one year must be ~~made to believe~~ given a reasonable assurance that after their discharge they will find it easily possible to earn an honest livelihood with a small investment. If that is done, the Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society can then go to their rescue by giving a little capital for starting small industries. ~~So, after their discharge, the prisoners must be engaged on the industries by Government or by somebody else.~~

There is a Government Order to the effect that Jail industries should not compete with other business concerns. This, in effect, is a ban on the Jail industries. That order shou be abrogated. Otherwise, these industries can never pay and the prisoners can never be made t know that what they do is profitable work.

I should like very much to suggest that in the City Market, a shop must be opened for exhi biting all Jail articles meant for sale.

Lastly, the Industries Department should depute one or two officers to the ~~Madras~~ Coimbatore Jail where khaki cloth is manufactured on a ~~scale~~ scale large enough to meet the demands of the Police as wel as the Excise Departments. I do not see why a similar thing should not be undertaken here, with the help of the officers who might be deputed ~~as suggested by me.~~ to Coimbatore.

20 447/E.C

No. C. 876-4.

Enc. 3 consisting of eight (8) & four papers.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF PRISONS IN MYSORE,

Dated Bangalore, 22nd May 1929

FROM

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO, B.A., M.B.C.M., L.R.C.P. (London) M.R.C.S., (Eng.) & D.P.H.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF PRISONS IN MYSORE, Bangalore.

GEN. & REV. DEPARTMENTS
25 MAY 1929
DEVELOPMENT BRANCH

To

The Secretary,

Mysore Economic Conference

Bangalore.

Pr. 98-28-1

SIR,

With reference to your letter No. 3148 dated 28th March 1929 forwarding for my opinion an extract of certain suggestions made by Mr. R. Gopalsawmy Iyer for the encouragement of Jail Industries with a view to helping the prisoners after discharge, I have the honour to forward herewith a memo containing the opinion and suggestions of the Superintendent, with which I agree.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

S. Subba Rao

Offg. Inspector-General of Prisons

M E M O.

Suggestions made by Mr. R. Gopalasamy Iyer.	Opinion of the Superintendent, Bangalore Central Jail
) The Jail garden having been taken away, prisoners accustomed to gardening have not enough work and their health has therefore suffered.	There is no room for such apprehension as additional looms and plant have been set up in the Jail workshops. As several of these workshops are located in verandahs which are all open on one side, the prisoners work almost in the open and there is no indication of their health having suffered. There is no able bodied prisoner who is not employed on some work or other.
) Prisoners trained in carpet industry in Jail cannot get employment outside.	Such of them who desire to pursue the same profession on release are being helped to secure employment in some mill or other. In other instances, the Deputy Commissioners and Economic Superintendents of the Districts concerned are being addressed to render pecuniary assistance to the released prisoners to set up looms &c.
) Prisoners are locked in at 5 P.M. daily and as there are no electric lights in sleeping barracks, they idle away till 10 P.M.	The Government have since sanctioned the installation of electric lights in barracks and the work will be executed early next year.
) Hence Cottage industries may be started.	A few - such as making money bags, cycle net bags and Tennis nets etc. are being got done out of regular working hours

and it is under contemplation to start a few more such as making socks, knit banyans, Lacquerware works on the installation of electric lights.

(5) A portion of the money earned by prisoners may be made over to them to start work on release.

Under the rules now in force, only extra work, i.e. work done in addition to the prescribed task work, is being remunerated and prisoners are allowed the option to exchange their earnings for remission of a portion of their sentence. As a general rule, they prefer remission to money in order to get out of the Jail earlier. But when they go out of the Jail they have little or no money in their hands and are likely to relapse into crime. As an incentive to good industry and good conduct of prisoners, the existing rules require to be modified so that they may be credited with the full value of their earnings for extra work. To induce the prisoners not only to exert to the best of their abilities and also to save a substantive sum of money during their stay in the Jail, it seems quite necessary to alter the existing rules. For this purpose I would suggest that all work over and above what is prescribed in the Jail Manual should be assessed only in money, at 4 annas for each day's extra work and that only 12½% out of this sum be permitted to be spent by the prisoner while in jail for purchasing small comforts such as sweets, ghur, Bidies, tobacco and fruits, the balance being credited to their accounts. This seems to be the only incen-

to increase both the output and the savings of the prisoner.

(6) Prisoners with a term of over one year, should, on release, be furnished with a small capital which supplemented with the help to be given by the D.P.A. Society should be enough to ensure their earning on honest livelihood.

The modification of the existing rules on the above lines may be calculated to afford adequate relief in all deserving cases.

(7) There is a Govt. Order that Jail industries should not compete with other business concern. This is a ban on Jail industries and should be abrogated.

The Govt. Order referred to probably relates to Rule 375, M.J.M. in accordance with which the Jail industries are to be mainly devoted to the supply of Jail needs and the requirements of other Govt. Departments and it is only after these sources of employment are exhausted that articles may be made for general sale. The ban placed is that the last named should be stopped if it affects any local trade. In practice however the resources of this Jail have not been fully utilized by Govt. Departments and the articles now being made and sold to the general public have never been found to injure any local trade. Now that the Jail output has increased, it is necessary that Govt. Depts. should fully utilise the Jail labour and encourage the Jail industries by purchasing articles as in Madras

and Bombay. The Bombay Government have recently taken steps in regard to their Jails towards this end and I enclose herewith for information an extract from the Times of India Paper ~~Date~~ edition of 4-4-1929 and would strongly urge that action on similar lines may also be taken here not only in the pecuniary interest of Govt. but also to encourage the Jail industries. If the requirements of Govt. Departments are to be met in ~~i~~ a large measure, the introduction of power driven machinery will be absolutely necessary and even without this necessity, such introductio is necessary for training the prisoners in industries worked with the aid of power driven machinery as detailed in para 29(5) of the administration Report for 1928, (extract enclosed for ready refer

3) A shop may be opened in the City Market for the exhibition and sale of jail made articles.

A Show & Sales Room has now been opened outside the Jail to meet the long-standing desire of the public who either through fear or on sentimental grounds would not enter into the Jail and visit the Stores for making purchases of the jail made articles. I daresay this will facilitate the speedy sale of jail products.

9) The Industries Department should depute officers to study Khaki weaving industry as carried on in the Coimbatore Jail

This proposal seems to have been considered some years ago during the Inspector-Generalship of Col. Smyth and given up on the advice of a Tinctorial expert from the Madras Govt.

and start the same in this Jail.

same. I learn that there was some difficulty in having to import certain ingredients for dyeing khaki in large quantities and it was feared that the climate of India might not suit. Now that the industry is bein carried on in India, it is worth whi to study the details and consider th feasibility of its introduction intc this Jail.

The installation of power driver looms and machineries for warping, folding, dyeing etc. would require expert aid.

The Director of Industries may l requested to take needful action to install the requisite machinery and other appliances for the manufacture of khaki.

For this purpose it is also desirable that some officers of the J and the Dept. of Industries & Comme should be deputed to study the work ing of this industry in Coimbatore Jail and other places.

K Srikantaiah

Superintendent,
Central Jail, Bangalore
8/5/29

Extract from the Administration Report of the Bangalore Central Jail, for the year 1928

Para 29 (5). Power looms have to be installed in Jail to cope with the increased demand involved in the above proposals. It is learnt that such looms have been installed with success in the Jail at Coimbatore and the recent Indian Jails Committee are also in favour of this measure. Seeing that even Taluk Headquarters are being supplied with electric power, the facilities for starting power looms in this State are enormous in this respect. The installation of power looms will not only increase the Jail out-put but will also help us to train the convicts in handling those instruments so as to enable them to earn more and encourage private enterprise to start power looms by providing labour for them.

-@-@-@-@-

"EXTRACT"

Superintendent,
B.C.Jail.

8/5/29

An Extract from the "Times of India"/dated 4th April 1929.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY JAIL INDUSTRIES.

Government's Re-organisation Plan

In July 1926 the Government of Bombay appointed a Committee to investigate the question of the reorganization of the Jail Industries in the Bombay Presidency. Of this Committee Mr.G.A. Thomas C.I.E., was the President and Lt.-Colonel J.H. Murray C.I.E. Messrs. F.C. Griffith C.S.I., O.B.E., J.J. Watson and W.A. Schutte, A.M. I.M.E., were members with Mr. I.H. Taunton I.C.S., as Secretar The report of the Committee was submitted in October 1926 and has since been under the consideration of Government who have now issue their orders on it.

The specific recommendations made by the Jail Industries Committee were as follows:-

(1) The Salvation Army should be approached with a view to setting up an organisation for finding employment for released prisone and keeping in touch with them.

(2) Extra-mural labour on behalf of the Public Works Department and public bodies should be encouraged in the vicinity of jails.

(3) Cottage industries should be concentrated on the principal articles consumed by Government departments which are:- (a) cotton textile (including carpets and coir, etc.), (b) cane work, (c) smal wooden goods for the Stationery Department.

(4) Goods produced by power-driven machinery should be disposed of only to Government Departments and public bodies, and not by pri vate sale.

(5) A weaving-plant of 50 looms (with room for extension) together with a dyeing plant should be installed at the Nasik Jail.

PURCHASE OF JAIL MADE GOODS.

(6) The purchase of jail-made goods should be obligatory on Government departments subject to certain safeguards.

(7) Prices for hand-made goods to be fixed by adding 20 per cen (for articles sold to Government) and 33 per cent (for articles sol to the public) to the cost of raw materials with a 2½ per cent allo ance for wastage provided that the market price be not exceeded. For machine made goods, these percentages should be added to the cost of raw materials plus cost of technical staff plus allowance

for depreciation.

(9) (a) The Inspector-General of Prisons should maintain an up-to-date list of jail-made articles largely used by Governmer departments and keep sufficient stocks thereof; (b) prices for the following financial year should be fixed in August by a Com mittee consisting of the Inspector-General of Prisons and repre sentatives of the principal consuming departments; (c) articles should be standardised and samples kept at each jail; (d) disputes as to the quality should be decided by a Committee consis ing of representatives of the Jail Department and the purchasir department concerned, and the Director of Industries or his nom nee.

(10) Sales to the public should be conducted either direct from jails, or through local shop-keepers on commission.

(11) No change is needed in the present system of accounts f cottage industries; but the Accountant-General should be asked to advise on a costing system for power-loom manufactures.

(12) A weaving master should be entertained as an experimen measure at Yeravada for a year to supervise hand-loom weaving.

(13) Orders for sheets and pillow cases used by the Medical Department and the Royal Indian Marine should be placed with th Criminal Tribes settlement Officer.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

Recommendations accepted.

Recommendation (1) is being considered separately, while r commendations (3), (5), (7), (9), (10), (11), (12) and (13) ha been accepted. As regards (2) Government already issued order over a year ago regarding the employment of Jail labour on sui able extra-mural works within a radius of three miles of the Jails and requesing the Executive Engineers and Superintendent of Jails to co-operate to the best of their ability for this p pose.

As regards (4), Government do not consider it necessary to enforce as an absolute rule the stipulation regarding private sale, but direct that orders from the public should not be car

out while work for Government or local bodies is on hand. In the event of surplus goods being available for sale to the public, prices will be fixed so as not to compete with the ordinary market.

With regard to the recommendation for the purchase of jail-made goods by Government departments, Government have instructed all officers serving under the Government of Bombay (except at Aden) who require for official purposes any articles mentioned in the schedule below must obtain them from the Jail Department by application either to the Superintendent of the nearest General or District Prison, or to the Inspector-General of Prisons.

Standard Samples.

The Inspector-General of Prisons has been called upon to submit to Government immediately and on the 3rd January in each year hereafter a price list of the articles named in the schedule and of any others which may be added thereto in the future. The prices quoted by the Jail Department will include delivery at the Railway Station or Post Office nearest to the Indenting Office. The price list as approved by Government will be widely circulated and will remain in force for such period as may be directed by Government. Each jail manufacturing any articles mentioned in the schedule must maintain standard samples of such articles. Government orders specially emphasise that heads of departments must see that these orders are strictly complied with and a special procedure for enforcement is laid down in this connexion. Furthermore Government have directed all heads of departments to submit their report at the close of each calendar year on the working of these orders.

The Government resolution concludes with special thanks to the members of the Jail Industries Committee for the care and trouble which they expended upon the work, and the valuable recommendations they have submitted.

The schedule above referred to consists of towels; dusters, single dungree cloth - white or blue, double dungri cloth - white or blue, cotton dhurris and carpets, woollen carpets, mattress ticking, cot tape, newar, coir matting and door mats,

cane chairs and other articles made of cane, Stationery Department:- Cane correspondence baskets, waste paper baskets rulers, hand blotters, file strings, and narrow tape.

Extract

K Richardson

Ryots

B.C. Jail

Appendix F G—1

SUBJECT..... .....

....

....

Section Prs

File No. 98-28

Serial No. 2

No. G. 8

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the *192*

To

The Inspector General

of Prisons

in Mysore.

Sir,

Diary No. of letter replied to..... .....

Date of issue 1/7/29.

Signed by M. N. D. Rao.

I am directed to refer to your letter

No. C516-4 dated 20th May 29

~~(a) the Suggestions of Mr R.~~

Sopoola Swamy Iyer for the encouragement of Jail ~~Direct~~ Industries

and for keeping the prisoners after

forwarding a memo on each of the suggestions made by

st of enclosures.....

for the orders of Govt.

detailed proposals

to give effect to them.

Copied by.....

RG dd

Examined by..... 7/6

to submit ~~a separate proposal~~

in respect of each of the following three

Suggestions.

(1) Modification of the existing

who do as to ... rds for ...
money being ... for exh...
work done with ... of ther...
being given an ... given to
earn a Remis ... of the
Sentence

2. Govt Dept ... hilisarg fulf
the Jail made ... hels.

3. In introduction ... the Recess
machinery for ... manufach
of Khaki and ... departmen
of the officers of ... Jail and
Industries Comm ... Depts to
Committee to Dt ... the wrks

4. Any other ... ceptions as
which action ... necessary.

J Kaur

Dist Chief Secy

24/.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF PR
IN MYSORE,

Dated Bangalore, 30 July *192* 9.

Dr. S. SUBBA RAO, B.A., M.B.C.M., L.R.C.P. (London) M.R.C.S., (Eng.) & D.P.H.
INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF PRISONS
IN MYSORE, BAGNALORE.

To

R. Ranga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Offg. Chief Secretary to the Government of His
Highness the Mahraja of Mysore, Bangalore.

CHIEF SECRETARY, 1 SIR AUG. 1929

GENERAL BRANCH

Pol 98-28-2

With reference to your letter No.G.8//ris 98-28-2 dated the 1st July 1929 calling for detailed proposals in the matter of giving effect to the several suggestions made by Mr. R.Gopalswamy Iyer for the encouragement of Jail Industries, I have the honour to state t the necessary detailed proposals have already been furnished in the me submitted to Government with my letter No.C.516-4 dated the 22nd May 2 As regards the question of starting the Khaki Weaving Industry in the Bangalore Central Jail, I have addressed the Director of Industries an Commerce in Mysore, to depute an expert to give a detailed and practic scheme for starting the industry, which will be submitted to Government immediately after its receipt in my office.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

S. Subba Rao

Inspector-General of prisons.

Government of his highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

G. O. No. G. 8974-96—Pris. 98-28-4, dated 30th January 1930.

Jail Industries

Passes orders on certain suggestions made by Mr. R. Gopalaswamy Iyer at the meeting of the Economic Conference held on the 15th March 1929, for the encouragement of ——.

READ—

The proceedings of the meeting of the Economic Conference held on the 15th March 1929, in the course of which Mr. R. Gopalaswamy Iyer made certain suggestions for the encouragement of Jail Industries with a view to help the prisoners on discharge from Jail.

2. Correspondence ending with letter No. C. 516-13, dated the 30th July 1929, from the Inspector-General of Prisons in Mysore, forwarding his detailed views on the suggestions referred to above.

3. Un-official No. D. 2—26-27, dated the 18th October 1929, from the Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore, on the same subject.

ORDER NO. G. 8974-96—PRIS. 98-28-4, DATED 30TH JANUARY 1930.

The main suggestions made by Mr. R. Gopalaswamy Iyer at the meeting of the Mysore Economic Conference held on the 15th March 1929 were:—

(1) Training of prisoners in Cottage Industries,

(2) Furnishing some capital to the prisoners after their release so as to enable them to take up some occupation and earn an honest living,

(3) The abrogation of the rule that Jail Industries should not compete with other concerns.

(4) The opening of a show room in the Bangalore City Market for the Exhibition and sale of Jail made articles, and

(5) The starting of a Khaki Weaving Industry in the Jail.

As regards Cottage Industries, it is reported that some small cottage industries are at present taught in the Jail and that more will be started as soon as electric lights are installed there. The Inspector-General of Prisons is requested to pay early attention to this matter.

As regards the supply of capital, Government understand that the existing conditions of Jail labour and remuneration do not admit of a prisoner accumulating an appreciable sum of money during his stay in Jail. The scale of payment is one anna for half a day's extra work and two annas for a full day's extra work. But as the prisoners are also allowed the option of exchanging their earnings for remissions, they as a rule prefer to have remissions and the result is that very little will be left out of their earnings. The Inspector-General of Prisons suggests that the extra work done by the prisoners should in future be assessed only in money and that each day's extra work should entitle a prisoner to four annas instead of two annas as at present and that only 12½ per cent out of this sum should be permitted to be spent by the prisoner while in Jail for purchasing small comforts such as sweets, beedis, tobacco and fruits, the balance being credited to his account.

Government consider that the question of enhancing the rate of the payment for extra work may be taken up after the expiry of the period of two years for which the operation of the existing rates was extended in Government Order No. G. 9265-6—Pris. 59-28-2, dated the 6th February 1929.

As regards suggestion No. (3), Government agree that the prices of Jail made articles should be reduced so as to equalise them as far as possible with the current market rates. In order to popularise the Jail Industries, Government have already

issued instructions to the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, to place orders for departmental requisites with the Superintendent of the Central Jail, if the rates are favorable. The Director of Industries and Commerce, however, states that this instruction alone would not meet the requirements of the case, that a schedule containing a list of Jail products with their prices should be circulated among the Heads of Departments, that the latter should have no option in the matter of purchasing goods of the kind made in Jails from private firms and that the prices of Jail made goods should be fixed every year on the recommendation of a Committee. Government consider that no orders on these questions are immediately called for until further steps are taken to develop Jail industries so as to meet the demands of the Government Departments.

Both the Director of Industries and the Inspector-General of Prisons strongly recommend that a power loom and Khaki dyeing plant should be installed in the Central Jail as early as possible to manufacture all the Khaki needed by the various Departments. Government agree with this view. The Inspector-General of Prisons is requested to submit in consultation with the Director of Industries his detailed proposals in the matter at an early date for the orders of Government.

Government are also pleased to approve of the suggestion to open a show room in the Bangalore City Market for the sale of Jail products. The Inspector-General of Prisons is requested to take necessary further action accordingly.

R. RANGA RAO,
General Secretary to Government

The Inspector-General of Prisons in Mysore.
The Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore.
The Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Bangalore.
The Comptroller to Government.
The Secretary, Mysore Economic Conference, Bangalore.
The Presidents of District Boards.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
Mr. R. Gopalaswamy Iyer, Elephant Lodge, Fourth Road, Chamarajpet, Bangalore City.

Proceedings of the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

The proceedings of the Meeting of the Economic Conference held on the 15th March 1929 in the course of which Mr. R. Gopalaswamier made certain suggestions for the encouragement of Jail industries with a view to help the prisoners on discharge from Jail.

2. Correspondence ending with letter No. C. 516-13 dated the 30th July 1929 from the Inspector General of Prisons in Mysore forwarding his detailed views on the suggestions referred to above.

3. Un-official No. D.2/26-27 dated the 18th October 1929 from the Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore on the same subject.

Order thereon No. G 897496

Dated, Bangalore, 30 January 1930.

The main suggestions made by Mr. R. Gopalaswamier at the Meeting of the Mysore Economic Conference held on the 15th March 1929 were:

(1) Training of prisoners in Cottage Industries,

(2) Furnishing some capital to the prisoners after their release so as to enable them to take up some occupation and earn an honest living,

(3) the abrogation of the rule that Jail Industries should not compete with other concerns

and (4) the opening of a show room in the Bangalore City Market for the Exhibition & sale of Jail made articles, and

(5) the starting of a Khaki weaving industry in the Jail.

As regards Cottage industries, it is reported that some small cottage industries are at present taught in the Jail and that more will be started as soon as electric lights are installed there. The Inspector-General of Prisons is requested to pay early attention to this matter.

As regards the supply of capital, Government understand that the existing conditions of Jail labour and remuneration do not admit of a prisoner accumulating an appreciable sum of money during his stay in Jail. The scale of payment is one anna for half a day's extra work and two annas for a full day's extra work. But as the prisoners are also allowed the option of exchanging their earnings for remissions, they as a rule prefer to have remissions and the result is that very little will be left out of their earnings. The Inspector-General of Prisons suggests that the extra work done by the prisoners should in future be assessed only in money and that each day's extra work should entitle a prisoner to 4 annas instead of 2 annas as at present and that only 12½ per cent out of this sum should be permitted to be spent by the prisoner while in Jail for purchasing small comforts such as

as sweets, ghee, beedis, tobacco and fruits, the balance being credited to his account.

Government consider that the question of enhancing the rate of the payment for extra work may be taken up after the expir of the period of 2 years for which the operation of the existing rates was extend in Government Order No. G. 9625-6/Pris. 59-28-2 dated the 6th February 1929.

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until further steps are taken to develop Jail industries so as to meet the demands of the Government Departments.

Both the Director of Industries and the Inspector-General of Prisons strongly recommend that a power loom and Khaki dyeing plant should be installed in the Central Jail as early as possible to manufacture all the Khaki needed by the various Departments. Government agree with this view. The Inspector-General of Prisons is requested to submit in consultation with the Director of Indistries his detailed proposals in the matter at an early date for the orders of Government.

Government are also pleased to approve of the suggestion to open a show room in the Bangalore City Market for the sale of Jail products. The Inspector General of Prisons is requested to take necessary further action accordingly.

By order of General Secretary to Governme

P.H.

To

The Inspr. Genl. of Prisons,
The Director of Industries & Commerce,
The Secretary, Stores Purchase Committ
The Comptroller,
The Secretary, Economic Conference
The Presidents of Dist. Boards
The Deputy Commrs. of Dists.

No. C 516-22 Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons
Encl in Mysore, Bangalore,

Dated 28th February 1930.

From,

The Inspector-General of Prisons
in Mysore, Bangalore.

To,

The General Secretary to the Government
of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Bangalore.

Pris 98-28-5

Early
RR
1/3/30

Sir,

Adverting to the last para of Government Order No.G. 9874-96/Pris.98-28-4 dated 30th January 1930 in the matter of opening a show room in the Bangalore City Market for the sale of Jail products, I have the honour to state that it will be less costly and more advantageous to Government if the sales are entrusted to Agencies than to appoint a paid staff and to take a stall for rent in the market for the purpose. The paid staff will have no impetus to push on the sales as in the case of the Agencies who get increased income on the sales they effect. I enclose herein for perusal of Government Copy of letter No.323 dated 21st February 1930 from the Superintendent, Central Jail Bangalore on the subject and recommend that a commission of 7½ per cent on the cash sales effected for the first thousand and 5 per cent for over one thousand may be allowed to Agents who will take up this work. The opening of a sale room either at the market or in the Commercial Street of C & M Station as suggested by the Superintendent is open to the same objection. It is more profitable to have an Agency in the C & M Station also. I request that sanction of Government may kindly be obtained on these points and communicated to me at an early date if the above suggestions are approved.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

S. Subbarao

Inspector-General of Prisons.

Letter No.323/F.22 dated 21st February 1930 from the Superintendent Central Jail, Bangalore to the Inspector-General of Prisons in Mysore, Bangalore.

-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-

With reference to your memo No.C.516-18419 dated the 3rd February 1930 forwarding copy of G.O. No.G. 987-96/Pris.98-28-4 dated the 30th January 1930 passing orders on the suggestions of Mr. N.Gopalswami Iyer for the encouragement of Jail industries, I have the honour to state that in connection with the proposed starting of Khaki Weaving industry the Textile Assistant in charge of the Government Weaving Factory has been requested to send a detailed scheme the receipt of which is still awaited.

As regards the opening of a sale room in the Bangalore City Market, I have to state that to do it with a paid staff will be costly and less advantageous to Government. The same object may be gained by providing facilities for agencies to take up the concern. The Agents may be allowed commission on cash sales at 7½% on the first thousand and 5% for over one thousand. Further a show and sale room in the Civil and Military Station either at the market or in the Commercial Street would be decidedly better than in the City since the Jail articles are receiving greater patronage from the Europeans. If this idea is approved applications for Agencies may be invited by advertisement.

-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-*-

"C O P Y"

S. Subba Rao

Inspector-General of Prisons.

28/4/30

D.O.
No. C 516-26

Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons
in Mysore, Bangalore.

Dated 24th March 1930.

GENERAL MISCELLANEOUS BRANCH
24 MAR. 1930

Dear Mr. R. Ranga Rao,

In reply to your D.O. No. 11434 dated 22nd March 1930, I write to inform you that I have addressed the Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore to furnish me with detailed proposals in the matter of installing a Khaki dying plant in the Central Jail, Bangalore and the same has not been received. An urgent reminder has been issued to day to forward the proposal before Wednesday next and the same will be forwarded to you as soon as they are received in my office.

Yours sincerely,
S. Subba Rao

To,

R. Ranga Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
General Secretary to the Government of His
Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Bangalore.

Appendix F G—1

SUBJECT

Section Prisons

File No. 78-28

Serial No. 6

No. G. 11308.

Diary No. of letter replied to.....

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the *192*

To The Inspector General of Prisons in Kyson

Date of issue 19.3.30

Signed by Mr. N.D. Rao

With reference to your ~~Cat~~ letter No C-576-22 Dated the 28th February 1930 in the matter of entrusting the Sale of Jail product to Agents, I am directed to request you to ascertain and Report Whether Such a System obtains in any of the ~~provinces in the~~ Jails of the British Indian Provinces.

I have &c

RJ Royer

List of enclosures.....

Copied by.....

Examined by.....

N'S OFFICE.
MAR. 1930
124

54 5306

DEWAN'S MINUTE.

FILE No. 192 .

Mr Secy

Power looms for the Central Jail.
Can you not get an estimate early from the Director of Industries for consideration? I don't know why the Mangers get hot hurry up so long. It seems time it were [illegible] to introduce them in the jail.

MJ
22-3-30

Where pending?

RB
22/3/30

The G.O. Sanctioning the introduction of Power looms in the Central Jail was issued on 30th Jan[y] 1930 ~~[illegible]~~ The I.G. of Pris has been asked to consult the Dir. of Ind. &c. and submit detailed proposals. These have not been yet rec[d]. I am writing to both now

RB
29/3/30

Dewan

JM
23-3-30

RB

SUBJECT.....

Diary No. of letter replied to.....

Section

File No.

Serial No.

No. 11436-F.

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the 192

To

The I. G. of Prisons.

Date of issue 22.3.30

Signed by M R R Rao

Dear Dr. Subba Rao,

Could you please let me have your proposals in regard to the installation of a power loom and Khaki dyeing ~~industry~~ plant in the Bangalore Central Jail, before Wednesday next?

The matter is urgent and has been pending too long.

Yours sincerely

List of enclosures.....

Copied by.....

Examined by.....

No. G. 516-34 Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons

in Mysore, Bangalore,

Dated 6th May 1930.

From,

The Inspector-General of Prisons

in Mysore, Bangalore.

GENERAL MISCELLANEOUS BRANCH 6898 8 MAY 1930

730

To,

The Chief Secretary to the Government Pris 98-28.

of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,

Bangalore.

CHIEF SECRETARY 7 MAY 1930 dd

With reference to your letter No. G. 11300/Pris.98- ated 19th March 1930 requesting to ascertain and report whethe he system of entrusting the sale of Jail products to Agencies s prevalent in any of the Jails of the British Indian Province have the honour to inform you that from replies received from he marginally noted Jails it is ascertained that such a system revails in the Jails of the Madras and Bombay Presidencies.

* The Vellore Central Jail
* The Coimbatore Central Jail
* Penitentiary, Madras.
* His Majesty's House of correction at Bombay.
* The Central Jail, Yerwada Poona.

I have the honour to b
Sir,
Your most obedient serva

S. Subba Rao

Inspector-General of Priso

Diary No. of letter replied to.....

Sec Prisons

File No. 98-2

Serial No. 8

General and Revenue Secretariat

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

Read

Date of issue.....

Signed by.....

Lr no. G. 8974-96 Prisons 98-2
Dated 30th January 96
from approving among other
things the opening of a Show
room in the Bangalore City Mar
for the Sale of Jail produc
Correspondence ending with lett
Order Thereon No.
Nil 516-34 Dated 6th May 9
from the I.G. of Prisons in
Mysore stating that instead of
opening a Show room in the
Bangalore City Market as ordered
in the G.O. read above, it would
be more advantageous and less
costly to Govt if the Sales
of Jail products are entrusted

May this be

i Printed?

ii treated as a standing order ?

iii published in the Gazette, English Part ?

iv translated ?

v placed at the disposal of the press ?

vi published in the Gazette, Kannada Part ?

Agencies and therefore requesting
sanction for entrusting the
sales of Jail products to Agencies
both in the City and Cantonment Stations
a Commission of 7½ P. on the
sale Sales effected for the first
thousand and 5 P. for every one
hundred.

2. No. 19-GS(Pris)98-28
9-6-1980

Orders

The proposals of the D-G.
Prisons are sanctioned.

Adequate steps should
be taken from the Agents

Chief Secy

D-G of Prisons
Minister through H.S
Secy. I & C
Secy H. & C.
Mr K Gopalaswamy Iyer